

4. Electricity and magnetism

4.4 Electrical safety

Paper 3 and 4

Answer Key

Paper 3

Q1.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)(i)	live (wire) neutral (wire) earth (wire) 3 correct – 2 marks 1 or 2 correct – 1 mark	B2
(a)(ii)	idea of (cable) <u>overheating</u> OR (insulation) melting / burning	B1

Q2.

Question	Answer	Mark
(a)	fault: <u>insulation</u> damaged owtte	B1
	hazard: electrocution OR electric shock	B1
(b)(i)	earth (wire)	B1
(b)(ii)	(switch is connected in) live (wire)	M1
	(so appliance is) disconnected from main / supply OR disconnected from high voltage (when switch is open / off)	A1

Q3.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)(i)	(prevent) risk of (electric) shock / electrocution	B1
(a)(ii)	3.1 (A)	A3
	720/230	(C2)
	(current =) power / voltage OR $(I =) P / V$	(C1)
(b)	468 (cents)	A3
	26×18	(C2)
	(cost =) number of kWh \times cost per kWh	(C1)
	number of kWh = 3797 – 3771 OR 26	(C1)

Q4.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)(i)	protects (transformer / wiring) from fire / overheating	B1
(a)(ii)	any two from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> large current (in fuse) (causes) fuse to melt (and so) prevents current in appliance OR breaks circuit OR isolates appliance from supply. 	B2

Q5.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	any four from: Earth wire keeps case at zero volts/earth (potential) (so) user not electrocuted (live wire touching metal case produces) large current (in fuse/earth wire) (causes) fuse to melt isolating appliance from supply OR (so) no current in appliance OR disconnects/breaks the circuit prevent(s) electrical fire/overheating (in cables/appliance)	B4

Q6.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)(i)	(large current produces large) heating effect OR overheating OR (could) cause fire.	B1
(a)(ii)	fuse melts	B1
	breaks circuit OR stops current in circuit	B1
(a)(iii)	(metal case / kettle) would still be live OR connected to 240 V / mains (when fuse has melted)	B1
(b)	5 A	B1
(c)	$(R =) V \div I$ OR $V = IR$	C1
	$12 \div 2.5$	C1
	4.8 (Ω)	A1

Q7.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)(i)	correct symbol for fuse drawn	B1
(a)(ii)	a large current flows to earth / in the live wire OR fuse is connected into live wire OR fuse contains thin / low melting point wire	B1
	any two from: current heats (fuse) wire fuse melts / blows (power supply circuit / metal case) is disconnected from mains (supply)	B2

Paper 4

Q8.

(c)	1	if the tap becomes live or if the (live) cable touches the (metal) tap	B1
		there is a current to earth / in the earth wire (which blows the fuse)	B1
	2	the current (in earth wire) is large and fuse melts / blows / stops current / breaks circuit	B1

Q9.

Question	Answer	Marks
(a)	conditions (outdoors) may be damp / wet	C1
	water conducts (electricity) OR clear statement of need for waterproof / outdoor specification (components)	A1
(b)	protects components / appliances / circuit / wires / user / mains supply prevents electrical supply overheating / fires / electrocution / shocks	B1
	excess current / power in circuit / wires OR fuse melts / blows OR circuit breaker opens	B1